

Grove - Electromagnet

Introduction

5.0V Digital



An electromagnet is a type of magnet in which the magnetic field is produced by electric current. An electric current flowing in a wire creates a magnetic field around the wire, due to Ampere's law(see drawing below). To concentrate the magnetic field, in an electromagnet the wire is wound into a coil with many turns of wire lying side by side. The magnetic field of all the turns of wire passes through the center of the coil, creating a strong magnetic field there. Grove - Electromagnet can suck 1KG weight and hold on. It is easy to use, to learn electromagnet principle.

Features

- Grove shape
- 1KG peak suction
- Low standby current

Tip

More details about Grove modules please refer to [Grove System](#)

Specifications

- Working Voltage : DC 5V
- Working Current : 400mA
- Standby current : 200uA
- Load Weight : 1KG

Platforms Supported

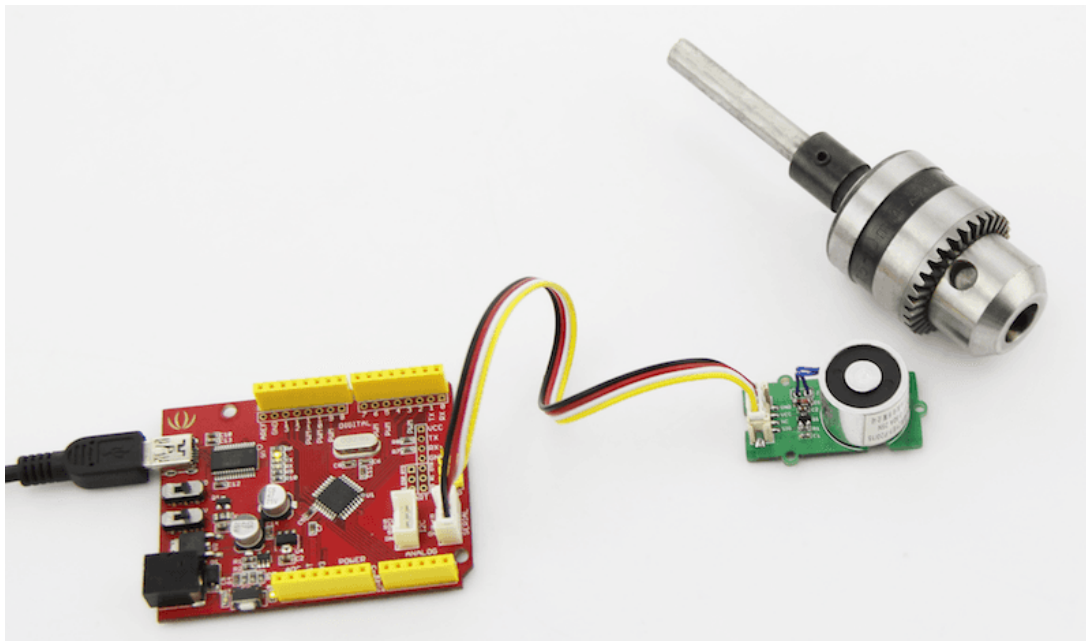
Arduino	Wio	BeagleBone	Raspberry Pi	LinkIt ONE
				

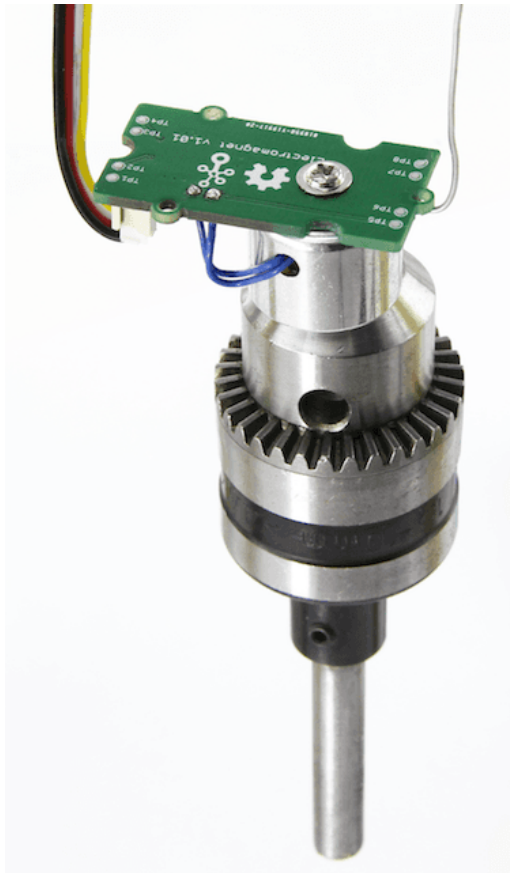
Caution

The platforms mentioned above as supported is/are an indication of the module's hardware or theoretical compatibility. We only provide software library or code examples for Arduino platform in most cases. It is not possible to provide software library / demo code for all possible MCU platforms. Hence, users have to write their own software library.

Usage

With [Arduino](#)





CODE:

```
/*
```

```
Turns on an Electromagnet on for one second, then off for one second, repeatedly.
```

```
This example code is in the public domain.
```

```
*/
```

```
int Electromagnet = 0;
```

```
int LED = 13;
```

```
// the setup routine runs once when you press reset:
```

```
void setup() {
```

```
    // initialize the digital pin as an output.
```

```
    pinMode(Electromagnet, OUTPUT);
```

```
    pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
```

```
}
```

```
// the loop routine runs over and over again forever:
```

```

void loop() {
    digitalWrite(Electromagnet, HIGH); // turn the Electromagnet on (HIGH is the voltage Level)
    digitalWrite(LED, HIGH);          // turn the LED on (HIGH is the voltage Level)
    delay(1000);                      // wait for a second
    digitalWrite(Electromagnet, LOW); // turn the Electromagnet off by making the voltage LOW
    digitalWrite(LED, LOW);           // turn the LED off by making the voltage LOW
    delay(1000);                      // wait for a second
}

```

With Raspberry Pi

- 1.You should have got a raspberry pi and a grovepi or grovepi+.
- 2.You should have completed configuring the development enviroment, otherwise follow [here](#).

3.Connection

- Plug the sensor to grovepi socket D4 by using a grove cable.

4.Navigate to the demos' directory:

```
cd yourpath/GrovePi/Software/Python/
```

- To see the code

```
nano grove_electromagnet.py # "Ctrl+x" to exit #
```

```
import time
```

```
import grovepi
```

```
# The electromagnet can hold a 1KG weight
```

```
# Connect the Grove Electromagnet to digital port D4
```

```
# SIG,NC,VCC,GND
```

```
electromagnet = 4
```

```
grovepi.pinMode(electromagnet,"OUTPUT")
```

```
time.sleep(1)
```

```
while True:
```

```
    try:
```

```
        # Switch on electromagnet
```

```
        grovepi.digitalWrite(electromagnet,1)
```

```
        print "on"
```

```
        time.sleep(2)
```

```
        # Switch off electromagnet
```

```
        grovepi.digitalWrite(electromagnet,0)
```

```
        print "off"
```

```
        time.sleep(2)
```

```
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
```

```
        grovepi.digitalWrite(electromagnet,0)
```

```
        break
```

```
    except IOError:
```

```
        print "Error"
```

5.Run the demo.

```
sudo python grove_electromagnet.py
```